

# Isokinetics: What Can We Learn From the Test?

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# Disclosures

Bone and Joint currently uses Humac Norm Isokinetic Extremity System. There are many other brands that are comparable.



# What is Isokinetic Testing?

- Isokinetic= “Same Speed”
- Isokinetic Testing: A test to measure a muscle’s performance while moving at a constant speed regardless of the amount of resistance being applied

# Advantages

- Objective Measurements for accurate comparisons
- Evaluation of muscle function throughout full ROM
- Muscle isolation to assess weaknesses or imbalances
- Variable speeds to assess muscle performance at various movement velocities
- Biofeedback provides real-time feedback to patient
- Bilateral comparison: contralateral limbs to help identify imbalances

# Barriers

- Cost and Accessibility
- Technical Complexity
- Functional Relevance
- Patient Factors
- Joint Specificity





# Who Doesn't Get Tested?

- Acute Injury
- Immediately Post-op
- MMT <4/5
- High pain with MMT
- Not safe to transfer on/off the machine

# Who Gets Tested?

- Exerciser/active individual
- MMT 5/5 with tolerable pain
- As part of the rehab process to evaluate strength deficits
- As part of RTS protocol (Specifically ACLr)

Allahabadi, Sachin, et al. “Incidence of anterior cruciate ligament graft tears in high-risk populations: An analysis of professional athlete and pediatric populations” *The Knee* (2020)

- Pediatric Population
  - 19% Re-tear rate (1 in 5)
- NFL
  - 12.3% Re-tear rate (1 in 8)





Grindem H, Snyder-Mackler L, Moksnes H, Engebretsen L, Risberg MA. Simple decision rules can reduce reinjury risk by 84% after ACL reconstruction: the Delaware-Oslo ACL cohort study. *Br J Sports Med.* 2016

Reinjury rate reduced by 84% when delaying RTS until 9 months AND achieving quad symmetry

For every month that RTS was delayed until 9 months, the rate of re-injury was reduced by 51%

Grindem H, Snyder-Mackler L, Moksnes H, Engebretsen L, Risberg MA. Simple decision rules can reduce reinjury risk by 84% after ACL reconstruction: the Delaware-Oslo ACL cohort study. *Br J Sports Med.* 2016

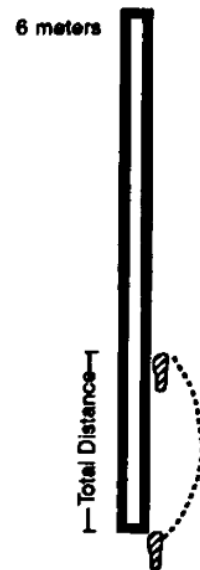
- More symmetrical quad strength prior to RTS significantly reduced the knee reinjury rate
  - 38.2% of those who failed RTS criteria suffered reinjuries versus 5.6% of those who passed
  - 1% increase in strength symmetry = 3% reduced reinjury rate



Rambaud AJM, et al. Criteria for Return to Sport after Anterior Cruciate Ligament reconstruction with lower reinjury risk (CR'STAL study): protocol for a prospective observational study in France. BMJ Open 2017

- Hop Testing
  - Single Hop
  - Triple Hop
  - Cross-over Hop
- Goal is 90% compared bilaterally
- Limb Symmetry Index (LSI)

Single Hop for Distance



Triple Hop for Distance



Cross-over Hop for Distance



Barfod K, et al. 2019 Knee extensor strength and hop test performance following anterior cruciate ligament reconstruction. *Knee. 2019 Jan*

- 69 ACL reconstruction patients
  - At 6 months
    - 66.7% symmetric hop test but only 27.5% had symmetric quad strength
  - At 12 months
    - 89.9% had symmetric hop test but only 46.4% had symmetric quad strength
- Recovery of quad strength was associated with hopping distance
- Recovery of hopping distance was not associated with knee extensor strength.

# The Bone and Joint Center Protocol

- Standard Isokinetic Test  
(Concentric/Concentric)
  - 5 Reps @ 60 deg/sec
  - 10 Reps @ 180 deg/sec
  - 15 Reps @ 300 deg/sec



# Test Day

- Rest 2-3 days prior
- Perform adequate warm-up
- Explanation of test
  - Testing both legs, # of reps, amount of resistance, etc.
- Familiarization/Warm-up reps
- Give consistent cues and encouragement
- Explanation of findings!

# Criteria

- Quad Peak Torque Comparison
  - Males: 85%>
  - Females: 85%
- Hamstring Peak Torque Comparison
  - Males: 90%>
  - Females: 100%
- Hamstring/Quad Ratio
  - Males 180 deg/sec 66-75%
  - Females 180 deg/sec 75%>
- Quad Peak Torque to Body Weight Ratio
  - Males 180 deg/sec 60-65%
  - Females 180 deg/sec 50-55%



5 Repetitions  
@ 60 deg/sec





10 Repetitions  
@ 180 deg/sec

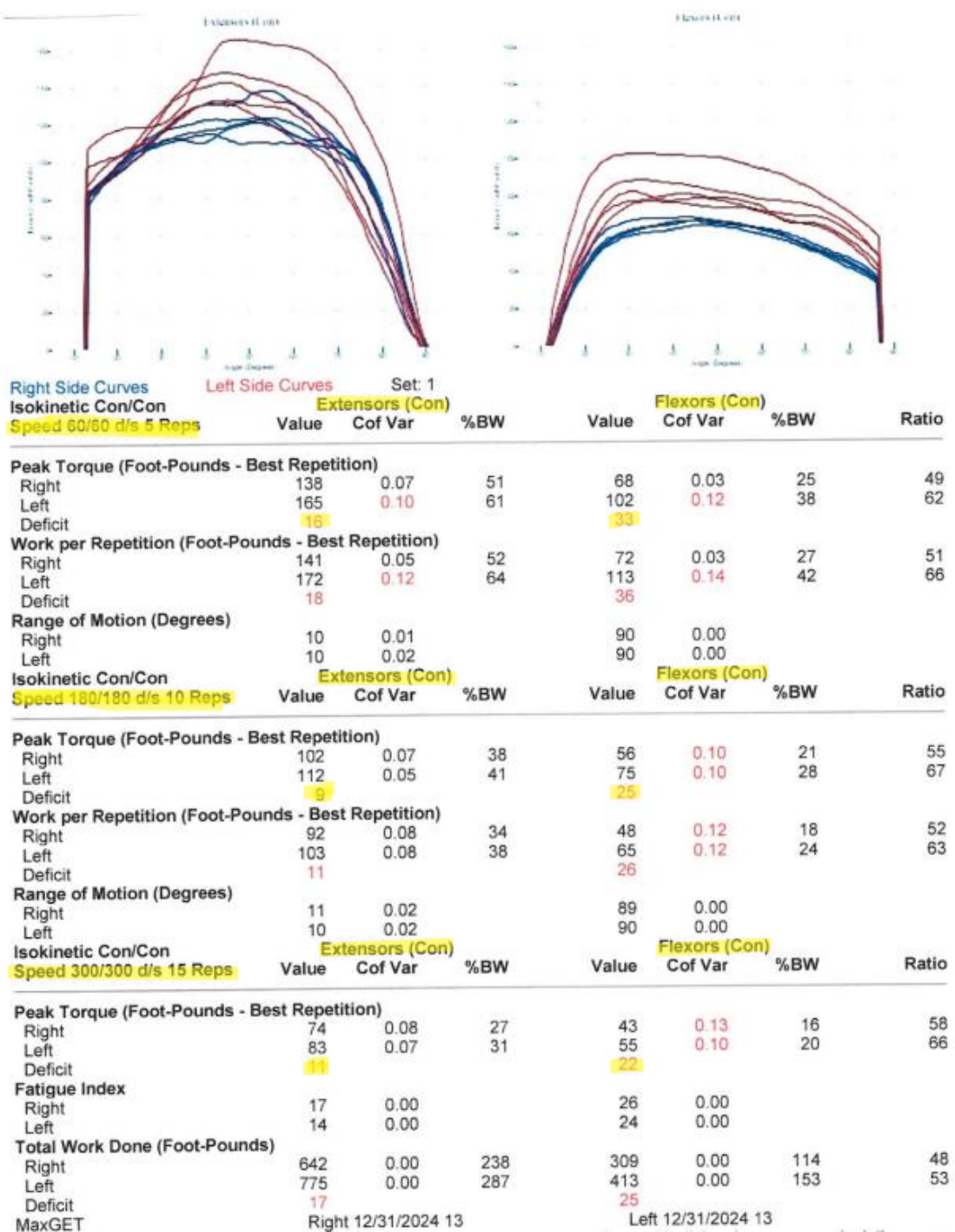




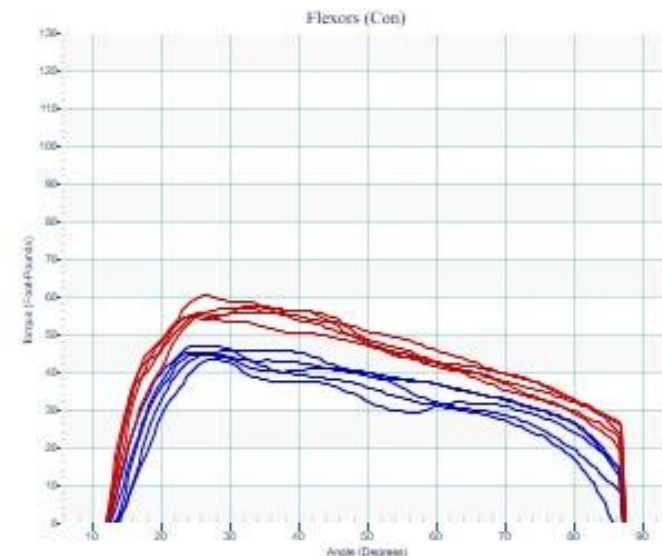
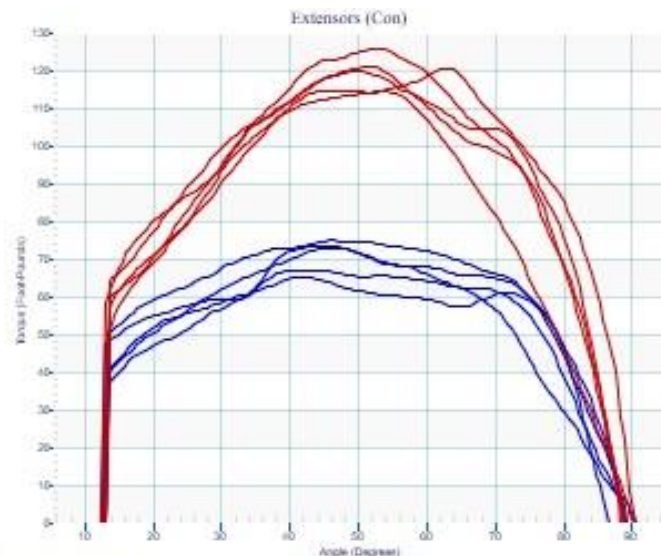
15 Repetitions  
@ 300 deg/sec



# Interpreting Results



# Interpreting Results



		Right Side Curves			Left Side Curves			Set: 1			
		Isokinetic Con/Con			Extensors (Con)			Flexors (Con)			
		Speed 60/60 d/s 5 Reps			Value	Cof Var	%BW	Value	Cof Var	%BW	Ratio
<b>Peak Torque (Foot-Pounds - Best Repetition)</b>											
Right		75	0.06	47	47	0.03	29	63			
Left		126	0.03	79	60	0.03	38	48			
Deficit		40			22						
<b>Work per Repetition (Foot-Pounds - Best Repetition)</b>											
Right		81	0.05	51	46	0.07	29	57			
Left		126	0.04	79	58	0.02	36	46			
Deficit		36			21						
<b>Range of Motion (Degrees)</b>											
Right		10	0.02		89	0.02					
Left		10	0.02		90	0.00					
		Isokinetic Con/Con			Extensors (Con)			Flexors (Con)			
		Speed 180/180 d/s 10 Reps			Value	Cof Var	%BW	Value	Cof Var	%BW	Ratio



Thank You!



50 YEARS

The Bone &  
Joint Center

FEELIN' GOOD  
STARTS **HERE**